CSci 5271 Introduction to Computer Security Day 3: Low-level vulnerabilities

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Outline

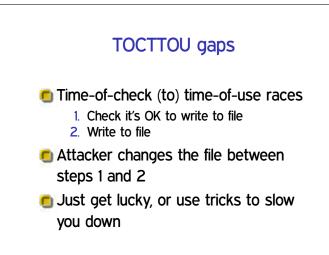
Vulnerabilities in OS interaction Low-level view of memory Logistics announcements Basic memory-safety problems Where overflows come from More problems

Race conditions

- Two actions in parallel; result depends on which happens first
- 🖲 Usually attacker racing with you
- 1. Write secret data to file
- 2. Restrict read permissions on file
- Many other examples

Classic races: files in /tmp

- Temp filenames must already be unique
- But "unguessable" is a stronger requirement
- Unsafe design (mktemp(3)): function to return unused name
- Must use O_EXCL for real atomicity



TOCTTOU example

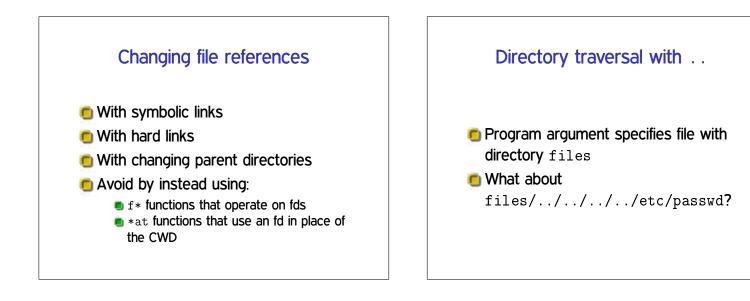
```
int safe_open_file(char *path) {
    int fd = -1;
    struct stat s;
    stat(path, &s)
    if (!S_ISREG(s.st_mode))
        error("only regular files allowed");
    else fd = open(path, O_RDONLY);
    return fd;
}
```

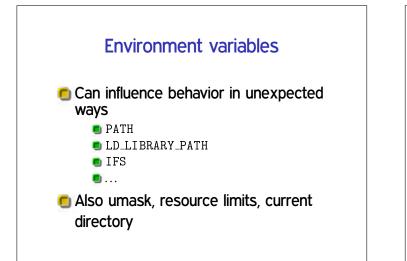
TOCTTOU example

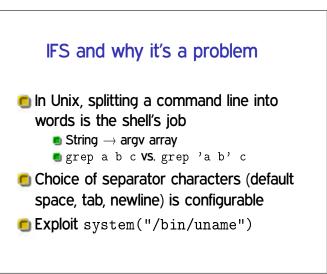
```
int safe_open_file(char *path) {
    int fd = -1, res;
    struct stat s;
    res = stat(path, &s)
    if (res || !S_ISREG(s.st_mode))
        error("only regular files allowed");
    else fd = open(path, O_RDONLY);
    return fd;
}
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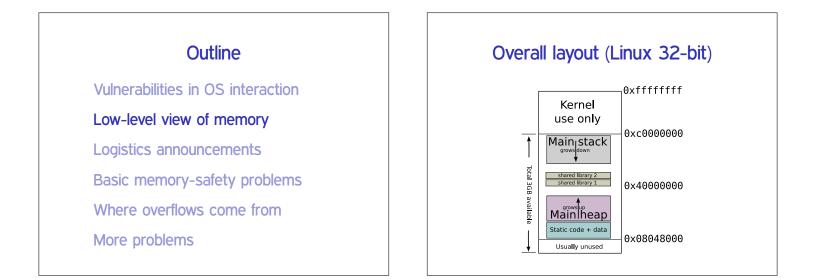
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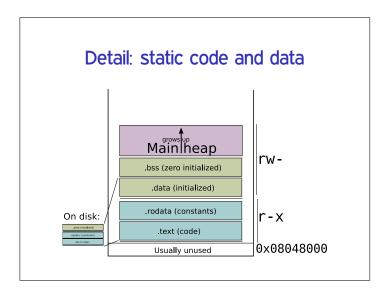
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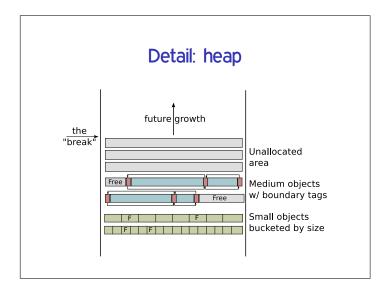


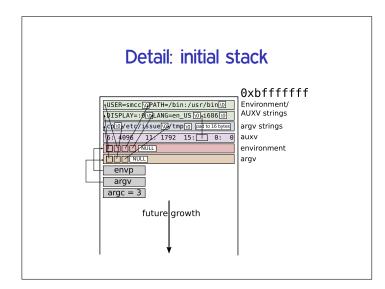


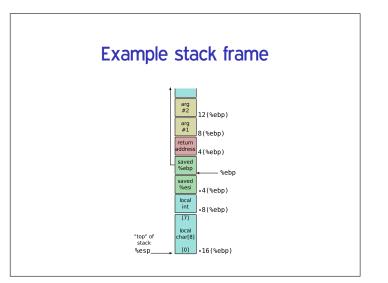












Outline

Vulnerabilities in OS interaction

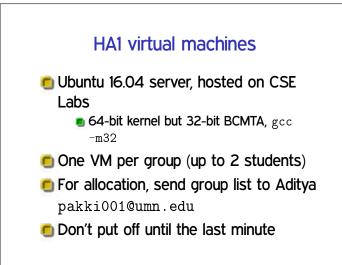
Low-level view of memory

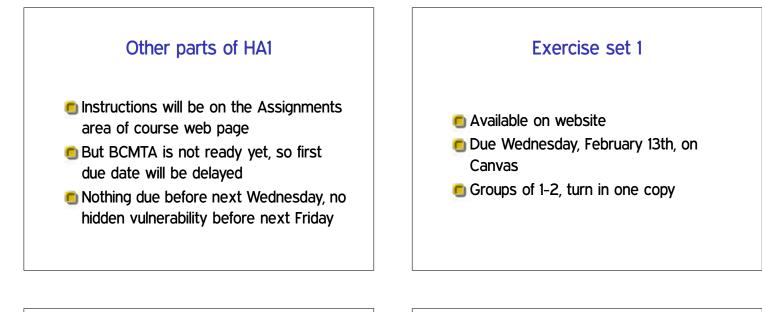
Logistics announcements

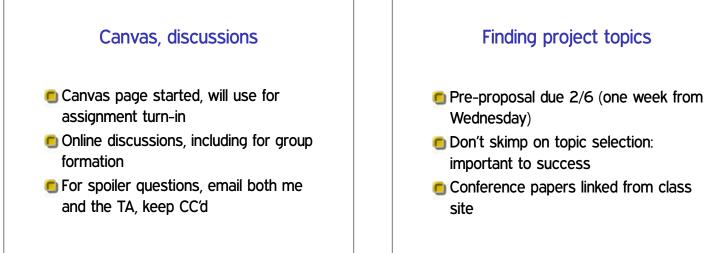
Basic memory-safety problems

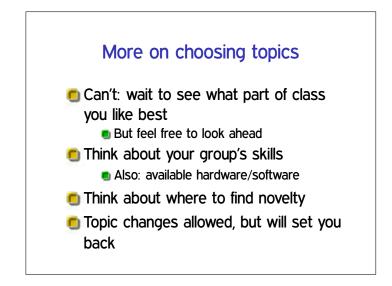
Where overflows come from

More problems









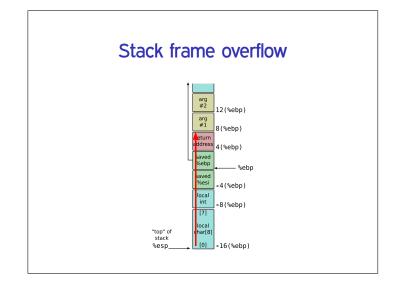
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Basic memory-safety problems

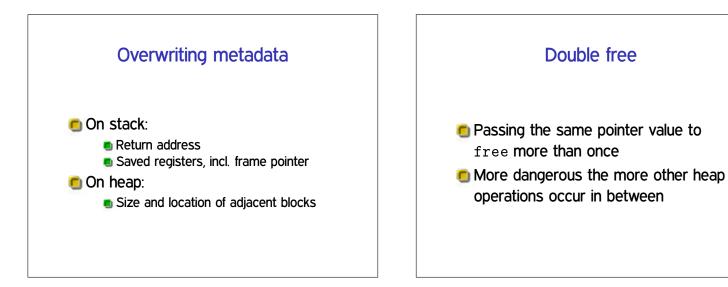
Where overflows come from

More problems



Overwriting adjacent objects

Forward or backward on stack
 Other local variables, arguments
 Fields within a structure
 Global variables
 Other heap objects



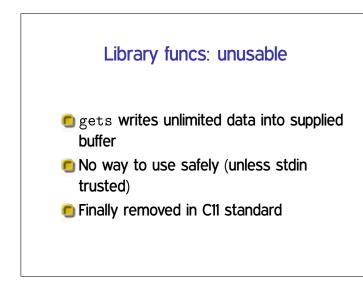
Use after free

- AKA use of a dangling pointer
- Could overwrite heap metadata
- Or, access data with confused type

Outline

Vulnerabilities in OS interaction

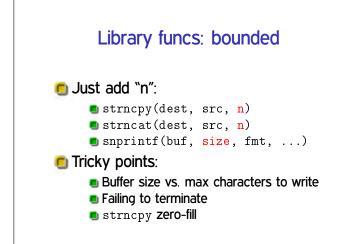
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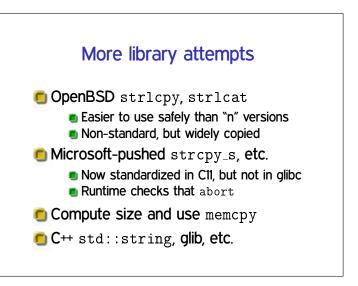


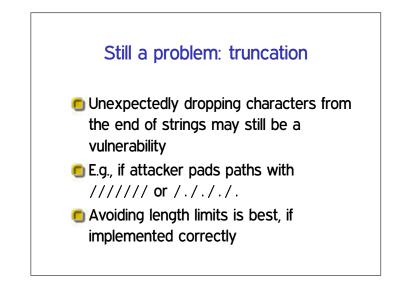
Library funcs: dangerous

Big three unchecked string functions

- strcpy(dest, src)
- strcat(dest, src)
- sprintf(buf, fmt, ...)
- Must know lengths in advance to use safely (complicated for sprintf)
- Similar pattern in other funcs returning a string

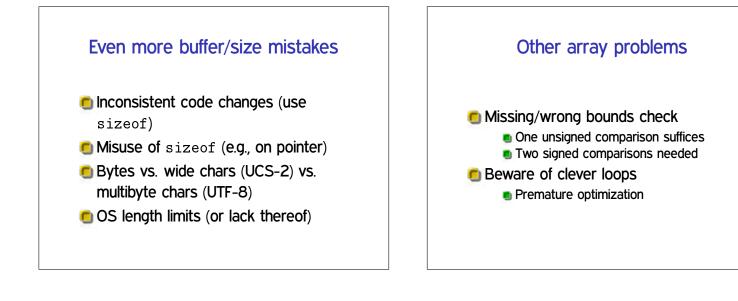


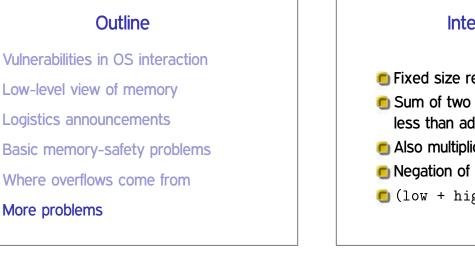


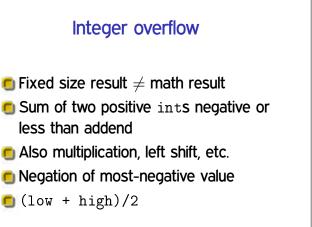


Off-by-one bugs

strlen does not include the terminator
Comparison with < vs. <=
Length vs. last index
x++ vs. ++x</pre>





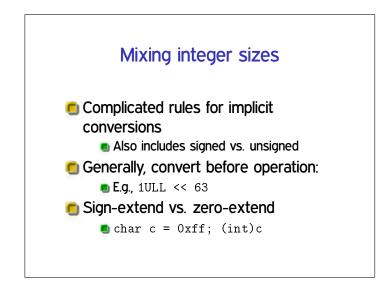


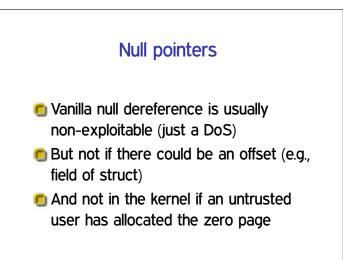
Integer overflow example

```
int n = read_int();
obj *p = malloc(n * sizeof(obj));
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    p[i] = read_obj();
```

Signed and unsigned

- Unsigned gives more range for, e.g., size_t
- At machine level, many but not all operations are the same
- Most important difference: ordering
- In C, signed overflow is undefined behavior



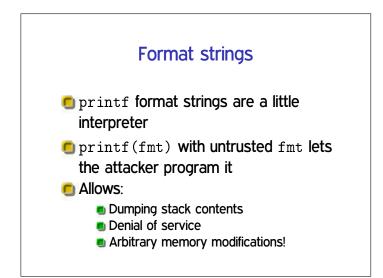


Undefined behavior C standard "undefined behavior": anything could happen Can be unexpectedly bad for security Most common problem: compiler antimizes assuming undefined behavior

optimizes assuming undefined behavior cannot happen

Linux kernel example

```
struct sock *sk = tun->sk;
// ...
if (!tun)
    return POLLERR;
// more uses of tun and sk
```



Next time

Exploitation techniques for these vulnerabilities