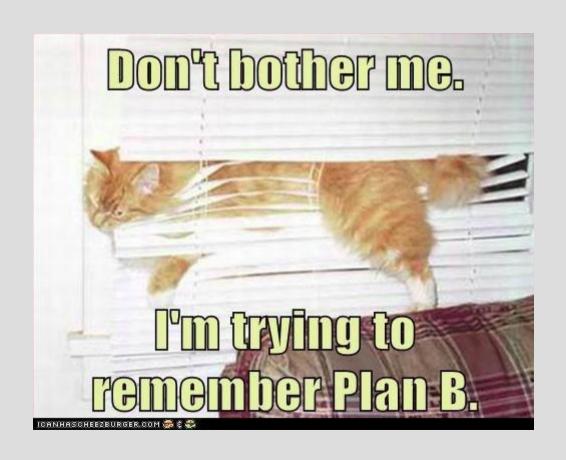
## Planning (Ch. 10)



#### Announcements

HW6 posted

Midterm 2 grades very soon

#### Review

Let's consider this problem: Initial:  $Clean \land Garbage \land Quiet$ 

Goal:  $Food \land \neg Garbage \land Present$ 

Action: (MakeFood,

Precondition: Clean,

Effects: Food)

Action: (Wrap,

Precondition: Quiet,

Effects: Present)

Action: ( Takeout,

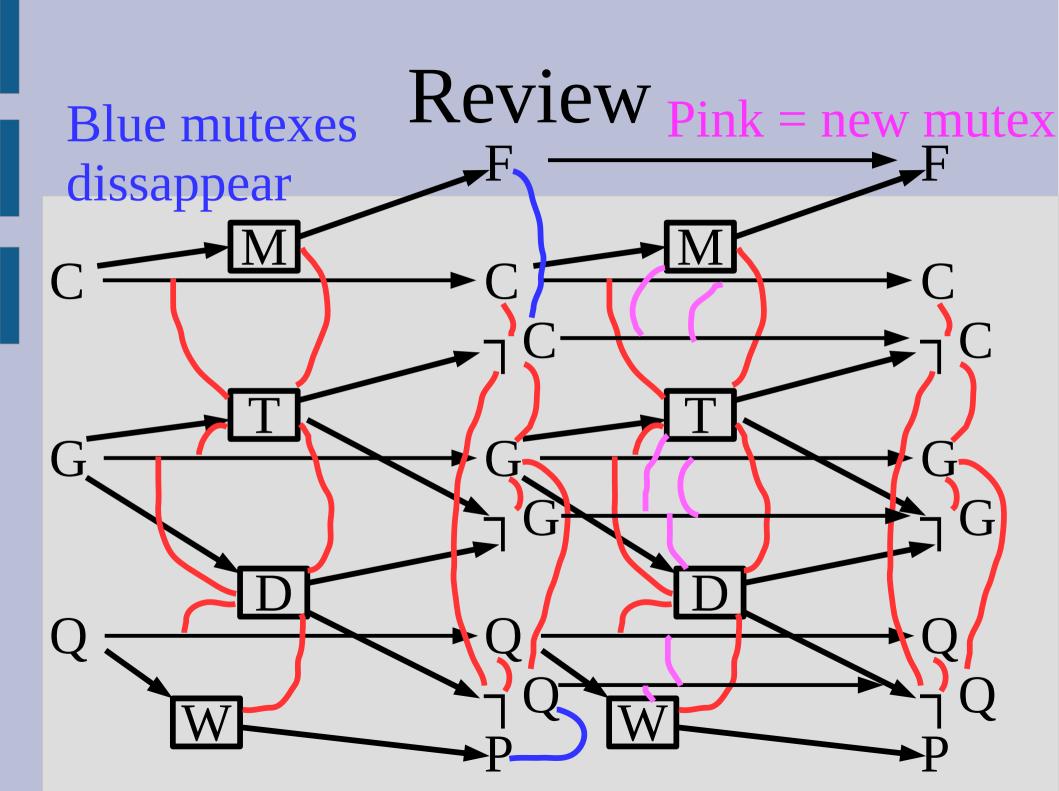
Precondition: Garbage,

Effects:  $\neg Garbage \land \neg Clean$ )

Action: ( Dolly,

Precondition: Garbage,

Effects:  $\neg Garbage \land \neg Quiet$ )



GraphPlan is optimistic, so if any pair of goal states are in mutex, the goal is impossible

- 3 basic ways to use GraphPlan as heuristic:
- (1) Maximum level of all goals
- (2) Sum of level of all goals (not admissible)
- (3) Level where no pair of goals is in mutex
- (1) and (2) do not require any mutexes, but are less accurate (quick 'n' dirty)

For heuristics (1) and (2), we relax as such:

- 1. Multiple actions per step, so can only take fewer steps to reach same result
- 2. Never remove any states, so the number of possible states only increases

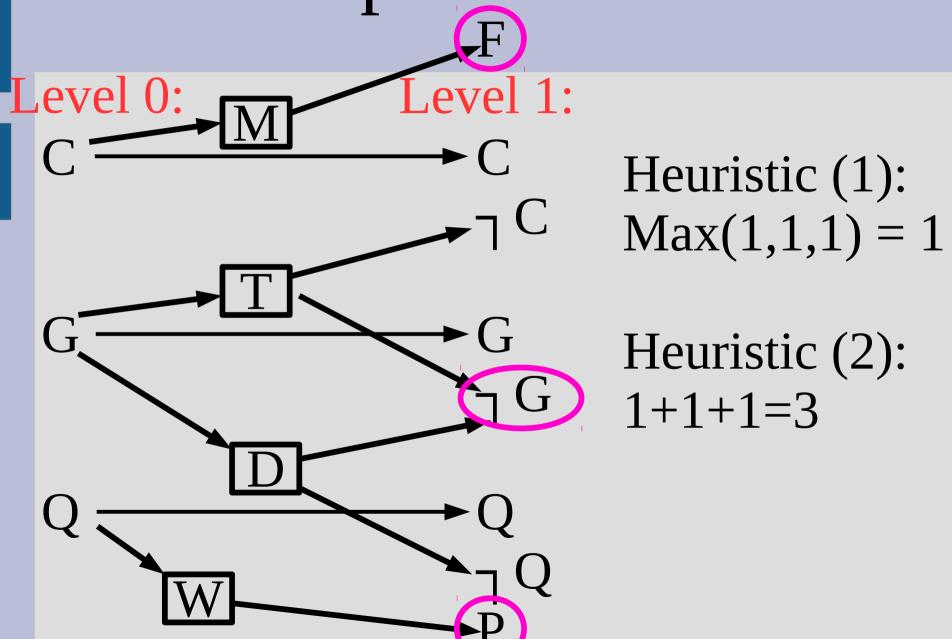
This is a valid simplification of the problem, but it is often too simplistic directly

Heuristic (1) directly uses this relaxation and finds the first time when all 3 goals appear at a state level

(2) tries to sum the levels of each individual first appearance, which is not admissible (but works well if they are independent parts)

Our problem: goal={Food,  $\gamma$  Garbage, Present} First appearance: F=1,  $\gamma$  G=1, P=1

#### GraphPlan: states



Often the problem is too trivial with just those two simplifications

So we add in mutexes to keep track of invalid pairs of states/actions

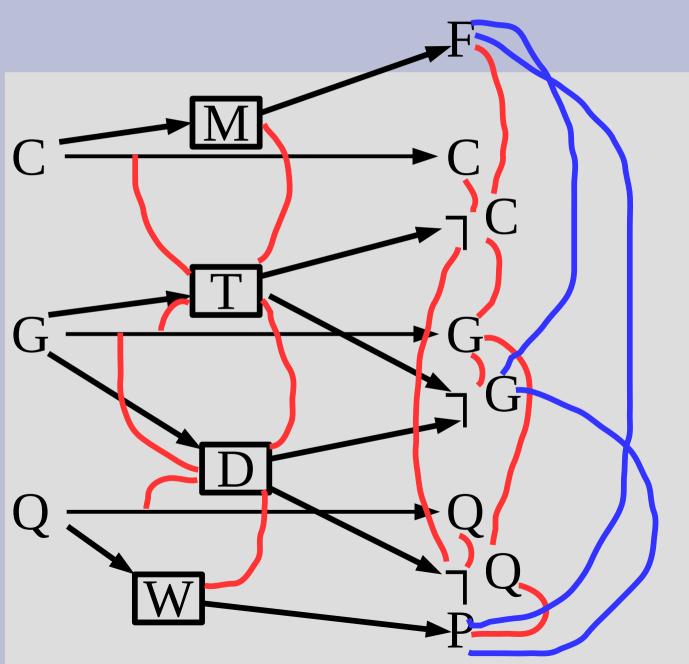
This is still a simplification, as only impossible state/action pairs in the original problem are in mutex in the relaxation

Heuristic (3) looks to find the first time none of the goal pairs are in mutex

For our problem, the goal states are: (Food, 7 Garbage, Present)

So all pairs that need to have no mutex:  $(F, \gamma G)$ , (F, P),  $(\gamma G, P)$ 

#### Mutexes



None of the pairs are in mutex at level 1

This is our heuristic estimate

## Finding a solution

GraphPlan can also be used to find a solution: (1) Converting to a Constraint Sat. Problem

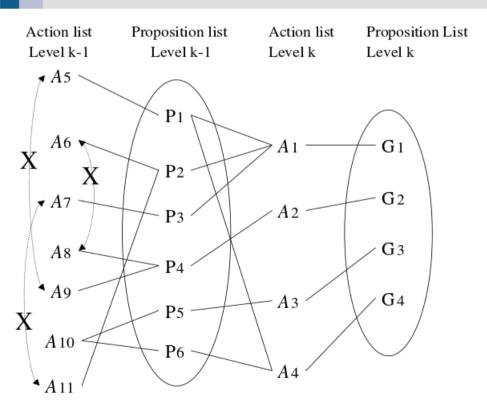
(2) Backwards search

Both of these ways can be run once GraphPlan has all goal pairs not in mutex (or converges)

Additionally, you might need to extend it out a few more levels further to find a solution (as GraphPlan underestimates)

#### GraphPlan as CSP

# Variables = states, Domains = actions to there Constraints = mutexes & preconditions



```
Variables: G_1, \dots, G_4, P_1 \dots P_6

Domains: G_1: \{A_1\}, G_2: \{A_2\}G_3: \{A_3\}G_4: \{A_4\}\}
P_1: \{A_5\}P_2: \{A_6, A_{11}\}P_3: \{A_7\}P_4: \{A_8, A_9\}\}
P_5: \{A_{10}\}P_6: \{A_{10}\}

Constraints (normal): P_1 = A_5 \Rightarrow P_4 \neq A_9
P_2 = A_6 \Rightarrow P_4 \neq A_8
P_2 = A_{11} \Rightarrow P_3 \neq A_7

Constraints (Activity): G_1 = A_1 \Rightarrow Active\{P_1, P_2, P_3\}
G_2 = A_2 \Rightarrow Active\{P_4\}
G_3 = A_3 \Rightarrow Active\{P_5\}
G_4 = A_4 \Rightarrow Active\{P_1, P_6\}
```

Init State:  $Active\{G_1, G_2, G_3, G_4\}$ 

(a) Planning Graph

## Finding a solution

For backward search, attempt to find arrows back to the initial state(without conflict/mutex)

Start by finding actions that satisfy all goal conditions, then recursively try to satisfy all of the selected actions' preconditions

If this fails to find a solution, mark this level and all the goals not satisfied as: (level, goals) (level, goals) stops changing, no solution

#### Graph Plan

Remember this...

Initial:  $\neg Money \land \neg Smart \land \neg Debt$ 

Goal:  $\neg Money \land Smart \land \neg Debt$ 

Action (School,

Precondition: ,

Action (Job,

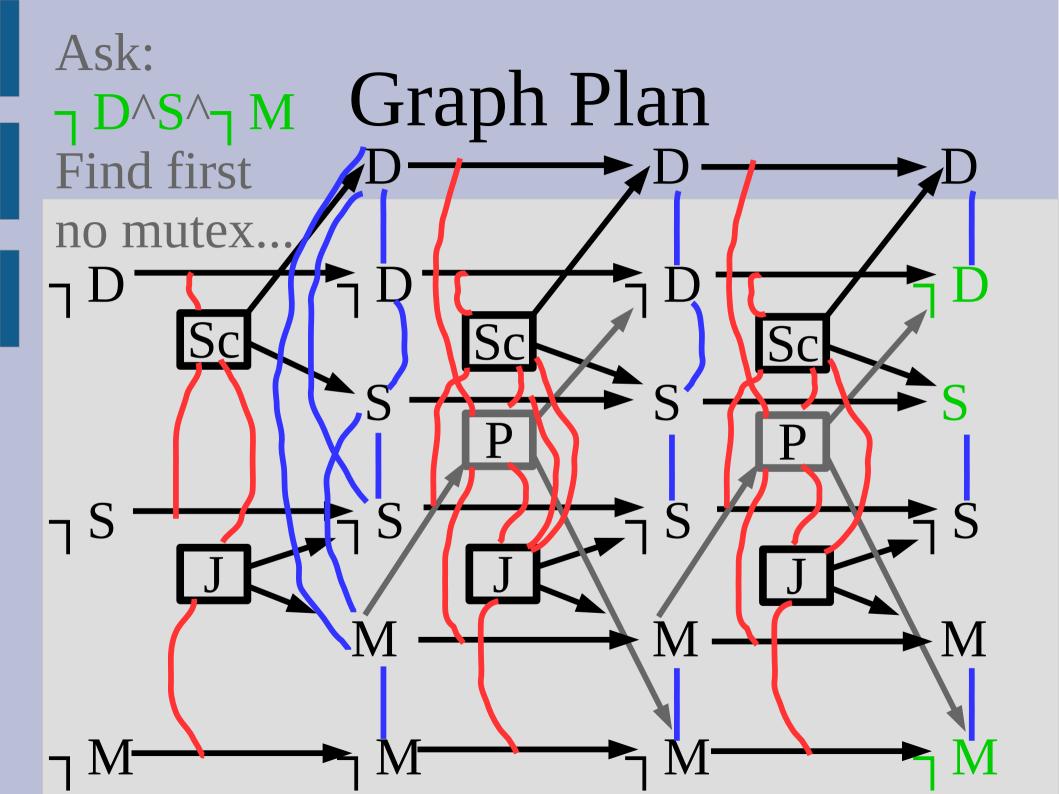
Precondition:,

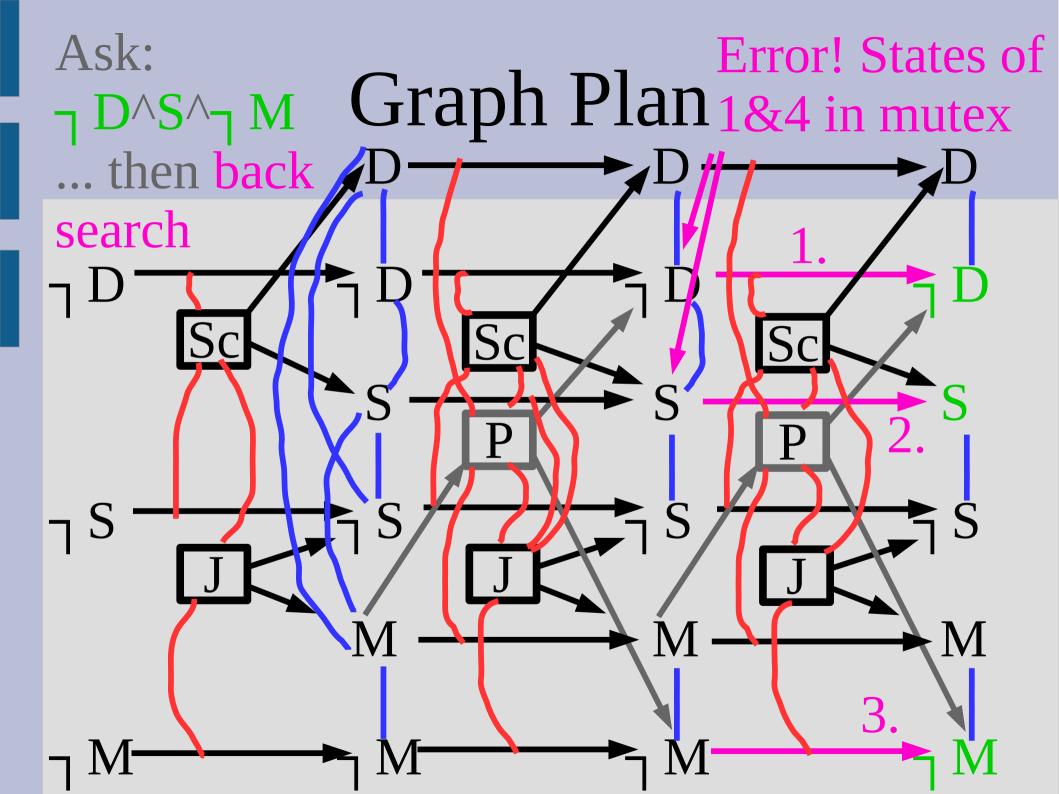
Effect:  $Debt \wedge Smart$ ) Effect:  $Money \wedge \neg Smart$ )

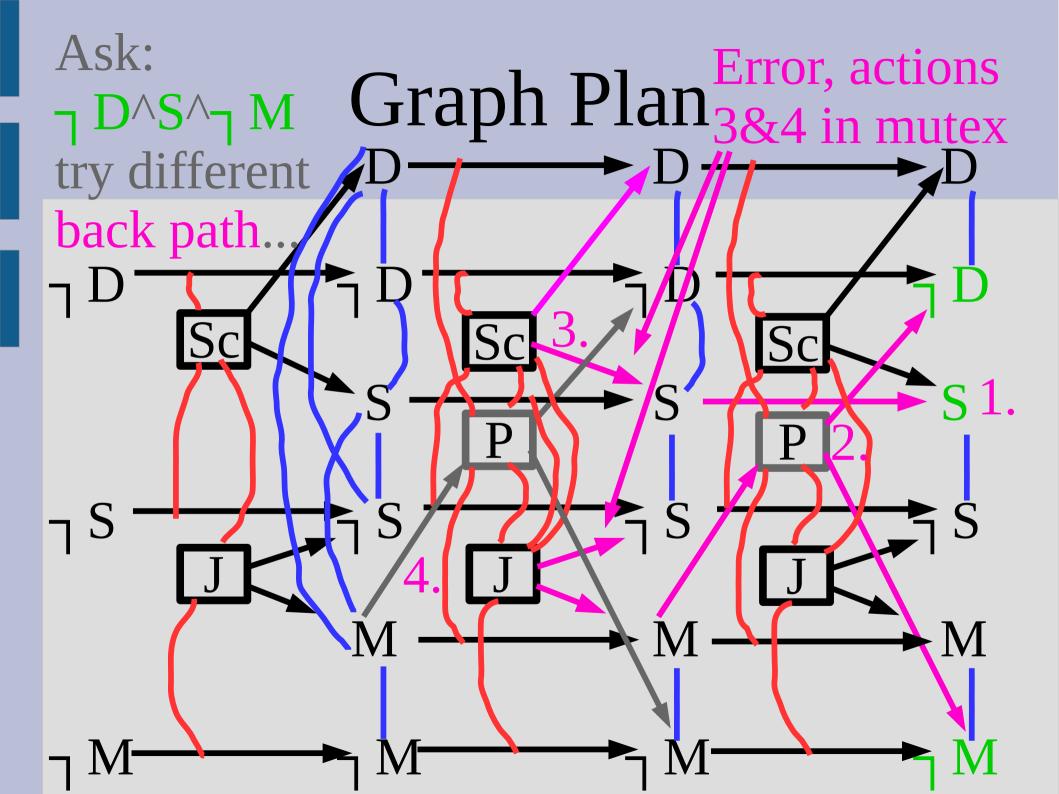
Action (Pay,

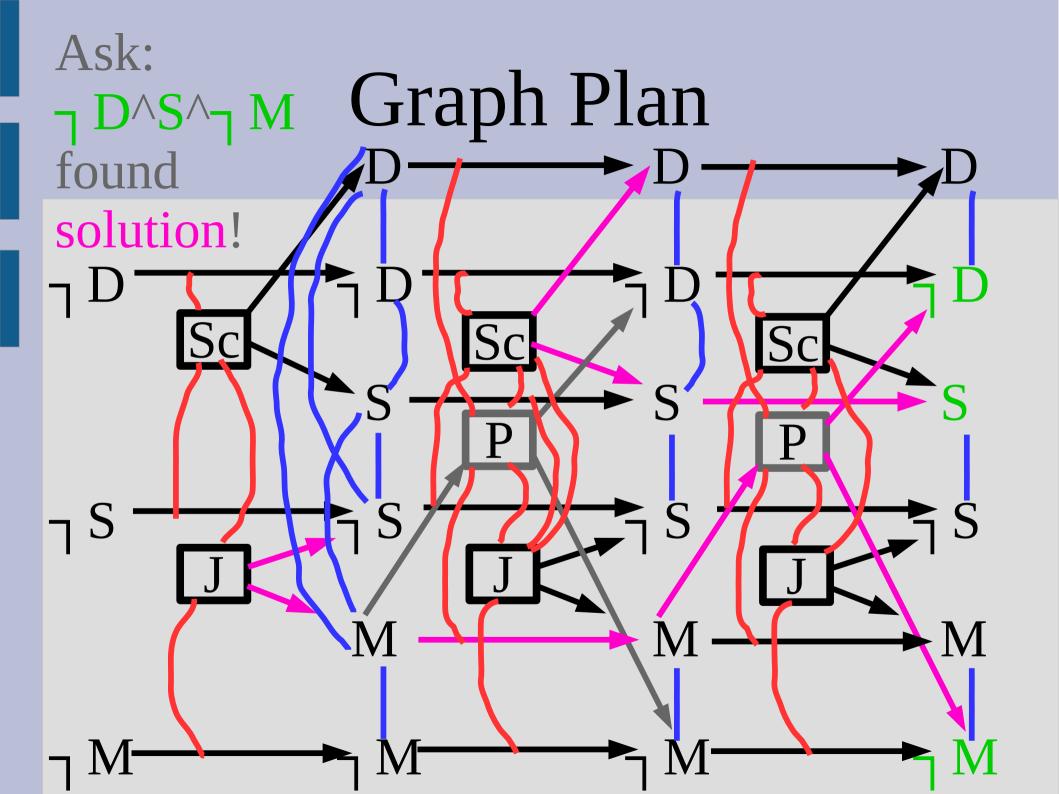
Precondition: Money,

Effect:  $\neg Money \land \neg Debt$ )









## Finding a solution

Formally, the algorithm is:

```
graph = initial
noGoods = empty table (hash)
for level = 0 to infinity
  if all goal pairs not in mutex
    solution = recursive search with noGoods
    if success, return paths
  if graph & noGoods converged, return fail
  graph = expand graph
```

Initial:  $Clean \wedge Garbage \wedge Quiet$ 

Goal:  $Food \land \neg Garbage \land Present$ 

